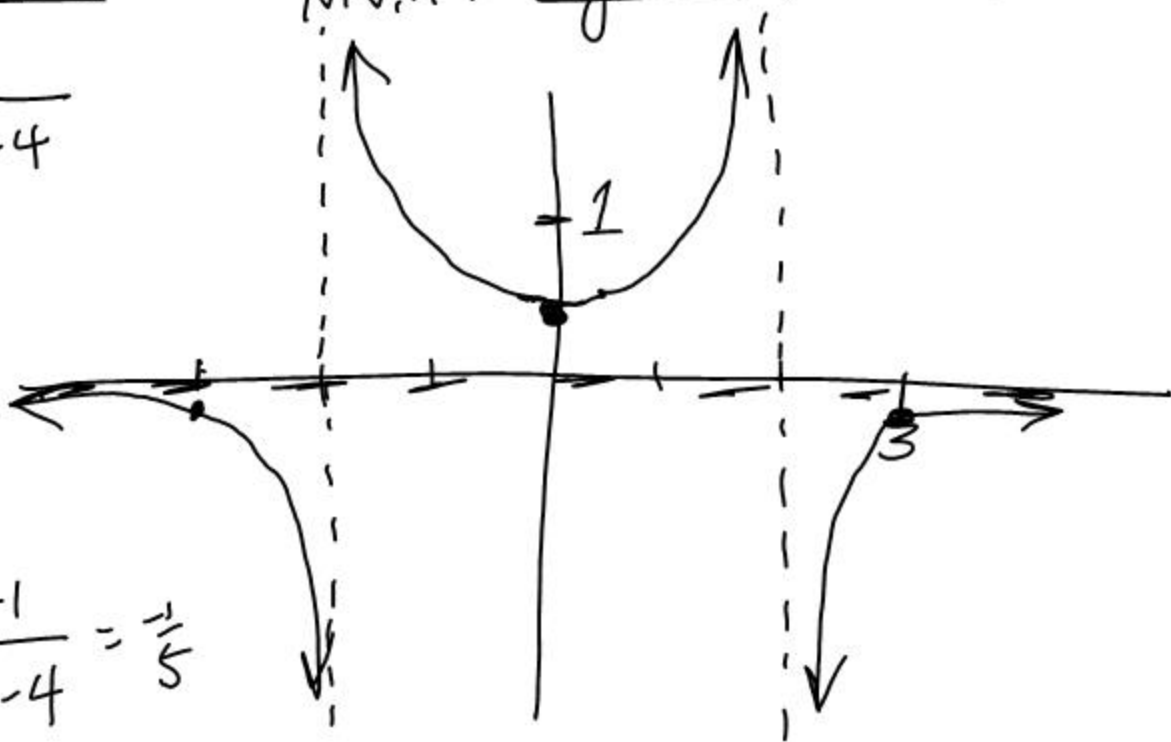


# 57.  $y = \frac{-1}{x^2 - 4} = \frac{-1}{(x+2)(x-2)}$

x-int none  
y-int  $\frac{1}{4}$   
 $\frac{-1}{0^2 - 4}$

V.A.  $x = \pm 2$   
N.V.A.  $y = 0$  (x-axis)



$f(3) = \frac{-1}{(3)^2 - 4} = \frac{-1}{5}$

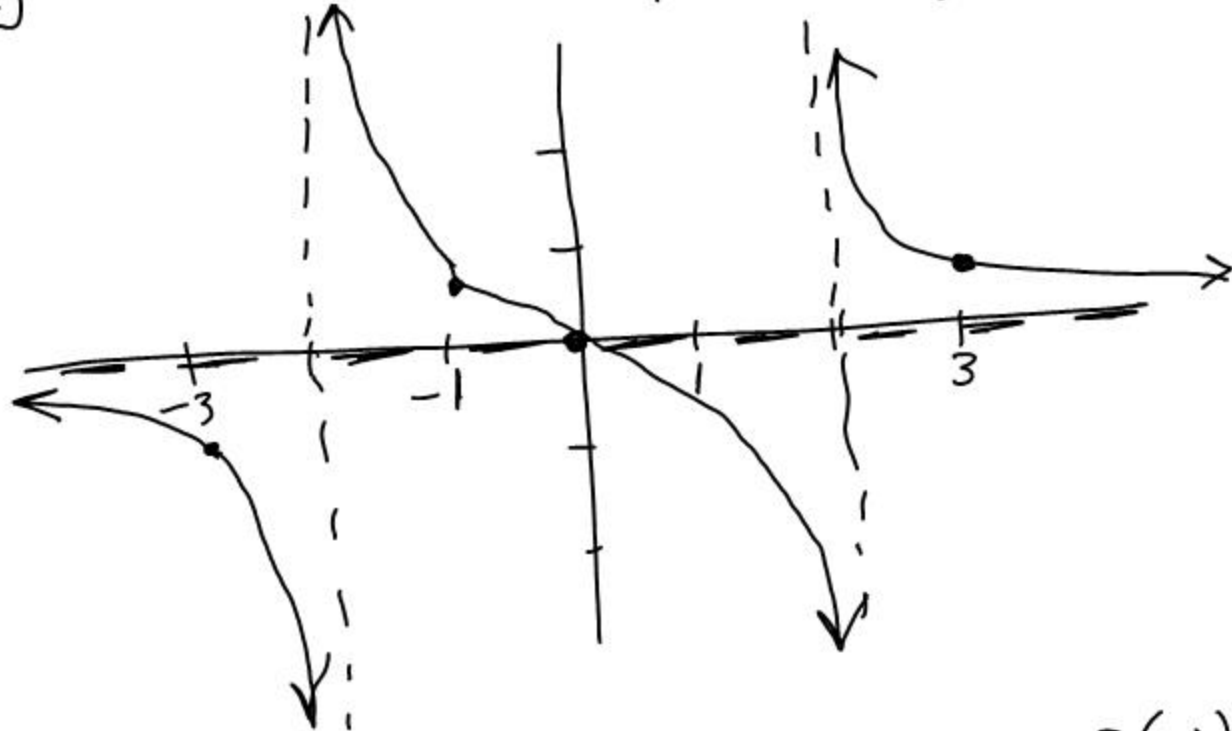
#51.  $y = \frac{2x}{x^2 - 4} = \frac{2x}{(x+2)(x-2)}$

x-int  $\frac{0}{0}$

V.A.  $x = \pm 2$

y-int  $\frac{0}{0}$

N.V.A.  $y = 0$  (x-axis)



$$f(-3) = \frac{2(-3)}{(-3)^2 - 4} = \frac{-6}{5}$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{2(-1)}{(-1)^2 - 4} = \frac{-2}{-3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$f(3) = \frac{2(3)}{3^2 - 4}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{2(1)}{1^2 - 4}$$

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$$y = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x} = x + \frac{4}{x}$$

x-int none

y-int none

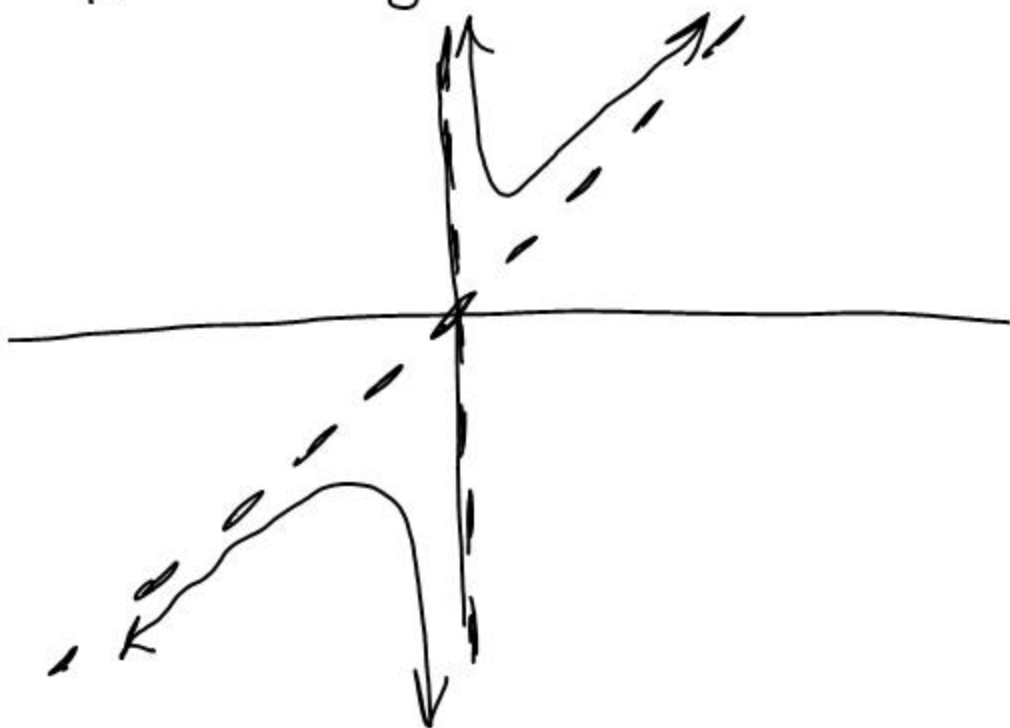
V.A.  $x = 0$  (y-axis)

N.V.A.  $y = x$

$$\begin{array}{r} x \overline{) x^2 + 4} \\ \underline{-x^2} \phantom{+ 4} \\ 4 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$x^2 = -4$$

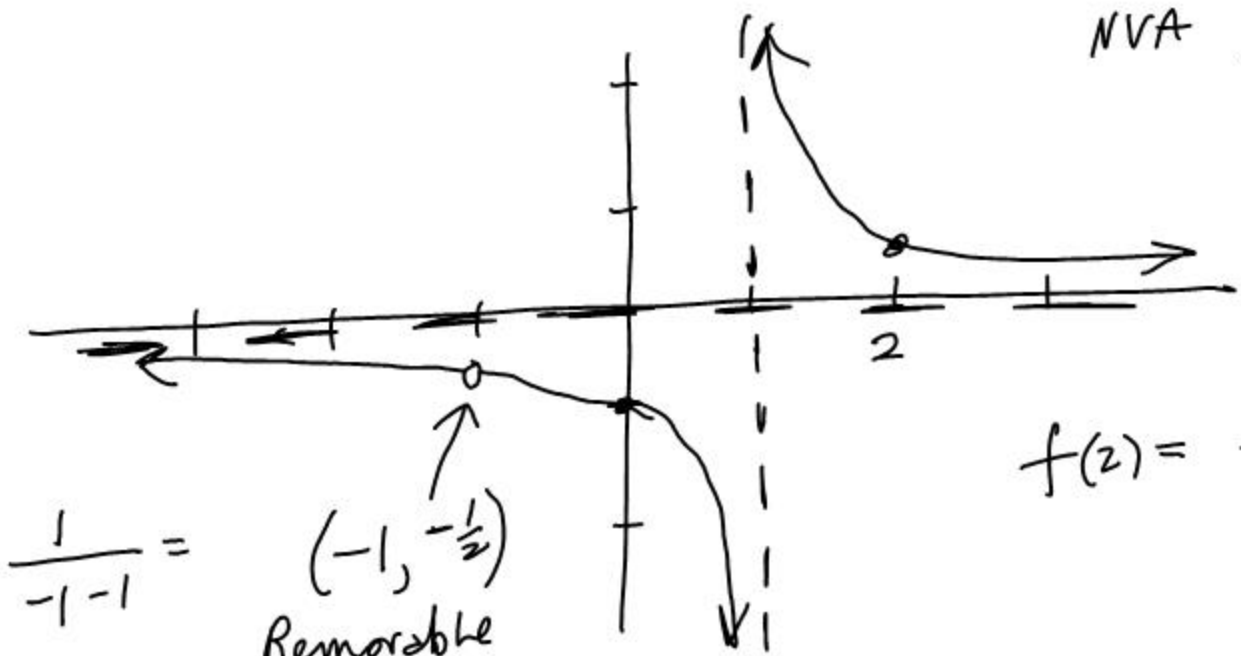


# Removable Discontinuities

Ex.  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2-1} = \frac{\cancel{x+1}}{(\cancel{x+1})(x-1)}$   
domain:  $\mathbb{R} - \{ \pm 1 \}$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}, x \neq -1$

$x$ -int	none
$y$ -int	-1
VA	$x=1$
NVA	$y=0$



$\frac{1}{-1-1} =$   
 $(-1, -\frac{1}{2})$   
Removable discontinuity  
("hole")

$f(2) = \frac{1}{2-1} = 1$

$$\text{Ex. } y = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 3x + 2} = \frac{(x+1)(x-2)}{(x-1)(x-2)}$$

$$y = \frac{x+1}{x-1}, \quad x \neq 2$$

$$x\text{-int } \underline{-1}$$

$$y\text{-int } \underline{-1}$$

$$\text{VA } \underline{x=1}$$

$$\text{NVA } \underline{y=1}$$

$$\text{R.D. } \underline{(2, 3)}$$

