

Practice Test for 9-12-17 **NO CALCULATOR SECTION**

[1] Evaluate each expression.

[a]  $1000^{-\frac{4}{3}}$

[b]  $\left(\frac{49}{121}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

[c]  $\left(\frac{64a^3}{125b^6}\right)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

[d]  $\left(\frac{64c^8}{81d^{12}}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}$

[2] Simplify each expression. Do not leave any negative exponents in your final answer.

[a]  $(a^3b^{-2})^5(ab^4)^{-4}$

[b]  $\frac{4x^3y^{-2}}{(5xy^{-3})^3} \cdot \frac{25x^{-4}}{(12y^{-1})^2}$

[c]  $\frac{(2x^{-3}y^5)^3 \cdot (x^4y^{-3})^{-2}}{(x^{-2})^4 \cdot (4y^{-1})^2}$

[4] Perform the operation and simplify your answers.

[a]  $\frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 + 2x - 3} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 7x + 12}{x^2 - 6x + 5}$

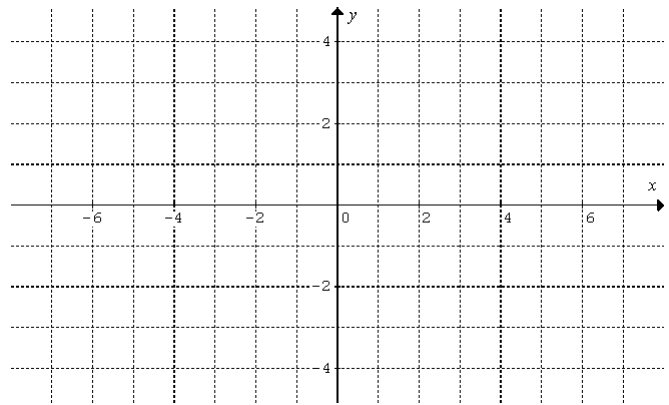
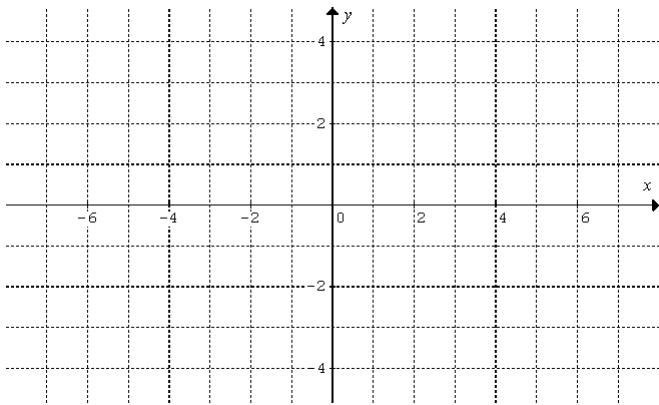
[b]  $\frac{2x^2 - 5x - 3}{3x^2 + 5x + 2} \div \frac{2x^2 + 7x + 3}{3x^2 - x - 2}$

[c]  $4 - \frac{2x}{3x + 2}$

[5] Sketch each of the following.

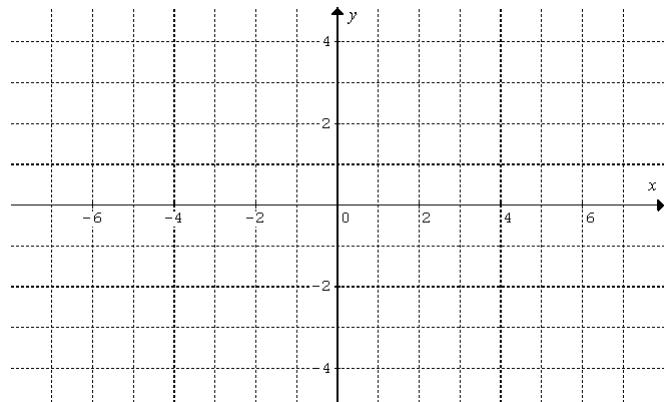
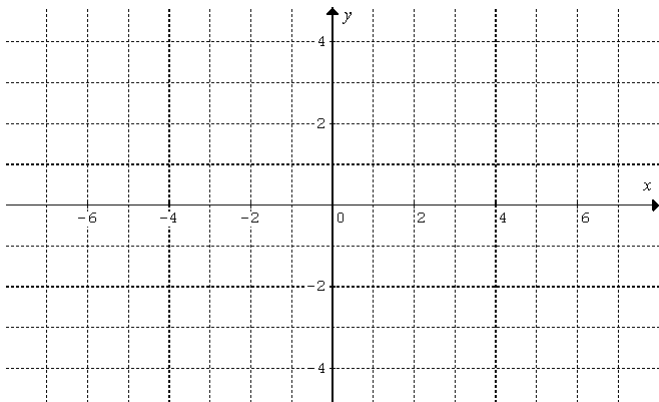
[a]  $y = |x - 3| - 1$

[b]  $y = 1 - (x + 2)^2$



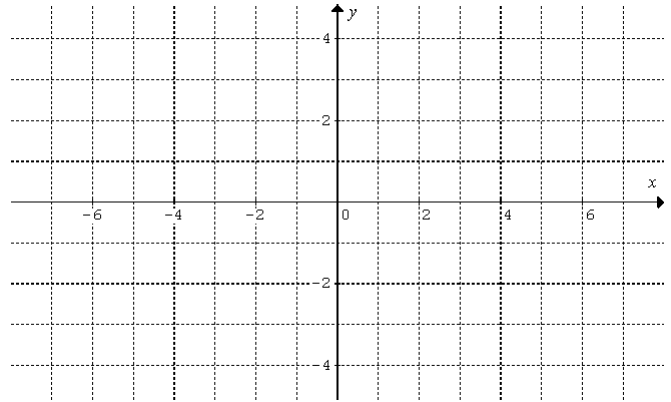
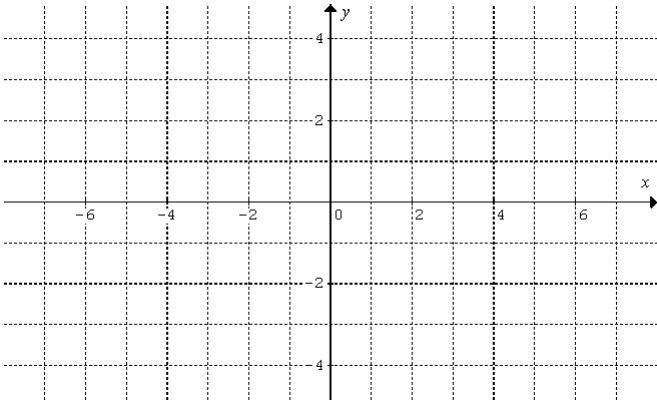
[c]  $y = -2 + \sqrt{x + 1}$

[d]  $y = x^3 - 2$



$$[e] y = \begin{cases} x+1, & x < 1 \\ -2, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$[f] y = \begin{cases} 3, & x \leq -1 \\ x, & -1 < x < 1 \\ 1-x, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$



[6] State the domain of each function.

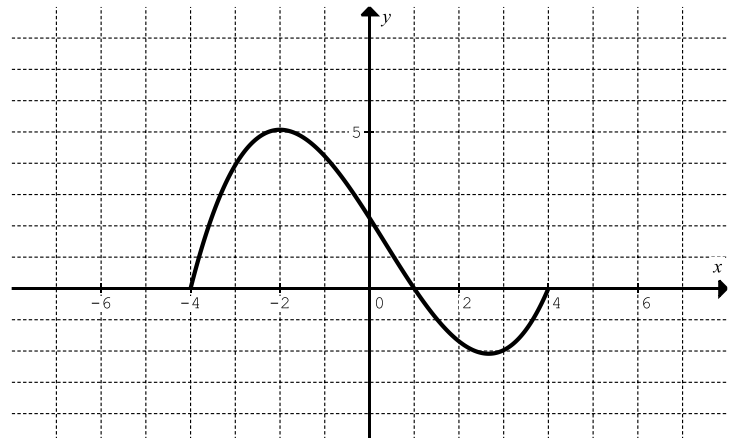
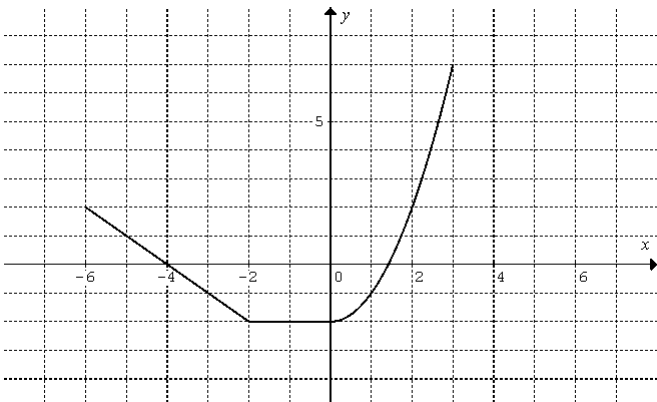
$$[a] f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$[b] f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2-9}$$

$$[c] f(x) = \sqrt{x^2+x-20}$$

$$[d] f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x-5}$$

[7] State the domain and range of the function represented by each graph.



[8] Given:  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 5$ , evaluate the following.

$$[a] f(g(x))$$

$$[b] g(f(x))$$

$$[c] g(g(x))$$

$$[d] f(f(2))$$

[9] For each of the following functions, find  $f^{-1}(x)$ , the inverse function.

$$[a] f(x) = 4x - 5$$

$$[b] f(x) = \frac{2x-5}{4x+1}$$

$$[c] f(x) = x^3 + 1$$

### CALCULATOR SECTION

[10] Compute the average rate of change in each function over the given interval.

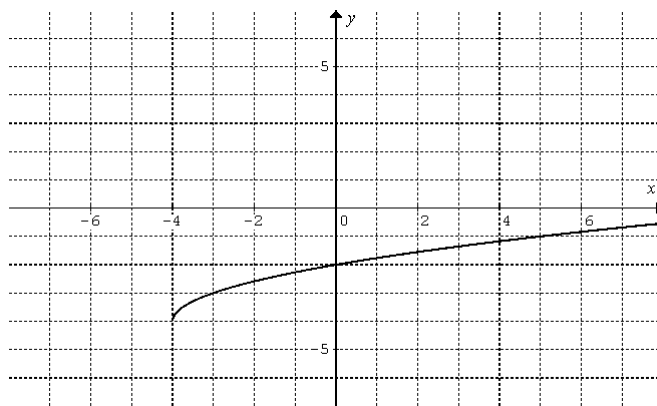
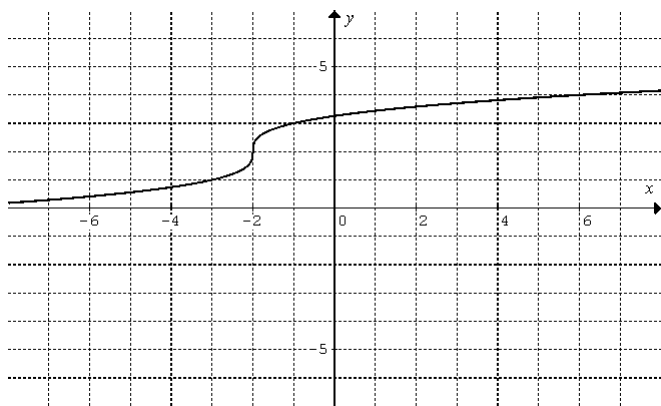
$$[a] f(x) = x^2 \text{ on } [-2, 4]$$

$$[b] f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2 \text{ on } [1, 3]$$

$$[c] f(x) = x^2 \text{ on } [a, a+h]$$

$$[d] f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2 \text{ on } [a, a+h]$$

[11] On each graph of  $y = f(x)$ , sketch the graph of  $y = f^{-1}(x)$ .



[12] Determine which functions are one-to-one.

[a]  $y = x^5 + 1$

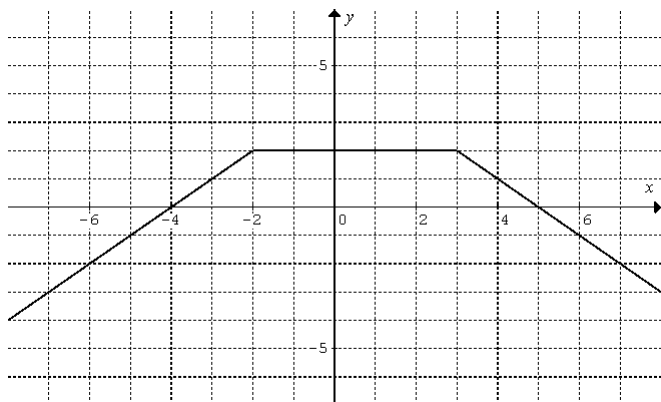
[b]  $y = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$

[c]  $y = x^3 - x^2 - 1$

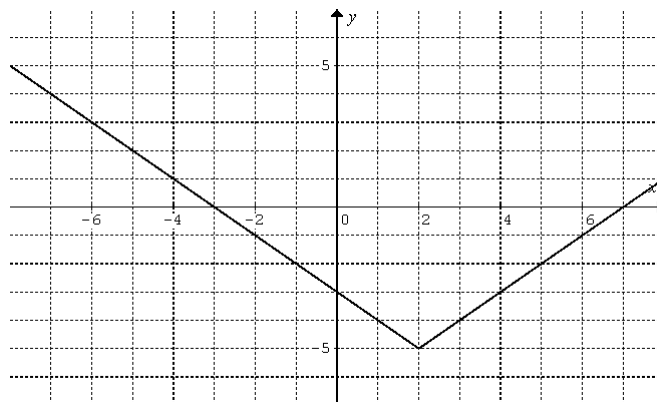
[d]  $y = x^4$

[13] Consider the functions represented by these graphs.

$y = f(x)$



$y = g(x)$



[a]  $f(g(2))$

[b]  $f(g(-3))$

[c]  $g(f(-3))$

[d]  $g(f(6))$

[e]  $f(f(4))$

[f]  $g(g(0))$

[g]  $g(g(g(4)))$

